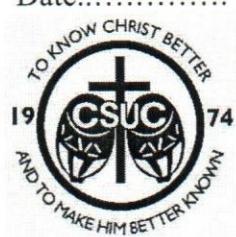


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Date.....



**CHRISTIAN SERVICE UNIVERSITY COLLEGE
KUMASI, GHANA**

**CSUC SCHOOL OF BUSINESS
DEPARTMENT OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCE**

END OF FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS – 2018/19 ACADEMIC YEAR

**LEVEL 100 JANUARY ADMISSION
CSBF 135: PRINCIPLES OF MICROECONOMICS**

MAY, 2019

70 MARKS

TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS, 30 MINS.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- Answer **three** questions in all:
- Answer all questions in Sections A and B and choose **one** question from Section C.
- Write your index number on top of the question paper and every page of the answer booklet used.
- Do not attempt to take your examination questions out of the examination hall. Put it inside your answer booklet before you leave.
- Clarity of expression and well-labelled diagrams will be rewarded.

Examiner: Abigail Asamoah

Index Number..... Signature.....
Date.....

SECTION A (30 MARKS) Provide answers to the questions in the spaces provided.

1. Differentiate between Resources and Ends. (1 mark)

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2. Using the following information, find Marginal Utility. $Q_1 = 2$, $Q_2 = 4$, $T.U_1 = 20$, $T.U_2 = 25$. (1 mark)

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3. How different is Change in Demand from Change in Quantity Demanded? (2 marks)

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4. What is Total Output? (1 mark)

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Index Number..... Signature.....

Date.....

5. What is a paradox? (1 mark)

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6. With the aid of a diagram, explain the effect of a decrease in the cost of production on the supply of bread. (2 marks)

7. State the law of Diminishing Marginal Utility. (1 mark)

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8. What is the equilibrium condition when a consumer is consuming just One Commodity? (1 mark)

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Index Number..... Signature.....

Date.....

9. Explain why water has a lower Marginal Utility but a higher Total Utility. (2 marks)

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10. When will opportunity cost be zero? (1 mark)

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11. In two (2) diagrams, show the effect of an increase in the price of Richoco on the demand for Bournvita. (3 marks)

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12. Explain why the Supply Curve has a positive slope or slopes upwards from left to right? (2 marks)

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Index Number..... Signature.....
Date.....

13. Define supply and explain when it will be less than Total Output. (2 marks)

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14. If $A.U= 10$ and $Q= 3$, find T.U. (1 mark)

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15. What will be the effect on Real Income if the price of a good increases?

(1 mark)

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16. Goods A and B are produced from the same raw material source. If the price of good A increases, how will that affect the quantity supplied of it? (2 marks)

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17. Differentiate Microeconomics from Economics? (2 marks)

Index Number..... Signature.....
Date.....
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18. Why is Scarcity the Central Problem of Economics? (2 marks)

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19. Define Utility and state its unit of measurement. (1 mark)

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20. A consumer has an income or resource of \$ 20.00 and a Scale of Preference of 5 items. If the price of the first item is \$25.00, what is the Opportunity Cost and why? (1 mark)

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Index Number.....Signature.....

Date.....
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SECTION B (Data Response. Answer all for 20 marks)

Please show the formulae and workings for this section.

Quantity	Total Utility	Average Utility	Marginal Utility
1	15		
2	25		
3	32		
4	37		
5	40		

Using the data in the table above, answer the following questions:

- Find the Average Utility for all the quantity levels. (10 marks)
- Find the Marginal Utility for all the quantity levels. (8 marks)
- State the law of diminishing Marginal Utility. (2 marks)

SECTION C (Answer one question for 20 marks)

Question One

- What does it mean to say is in equilibrium when consuming just one good? State the formula (2 marks)
- Explain the first issue that informs the law of supply. (3 marks)
- With the aid of a diagram (s), explain how an increase in cost of production will affect the supply of a good.(5 marks)
- Using diamond as an example, explain the paradox of value. (5 marks)
- How different is the Individual's Supply curve from the Market's Supply curve? (3 marks)
- Define Scale of Preference. (2 marks)

Index Number.....Signature.....
Date.....

Question Two

- a. What does it mean to say the consumer is in equilibrium when he consumes more than one good? State the formula. (2 marks)
- b. With the aid of a diagram (s), explain the effect of an increase in the price of Miksi on the demand for Loya. (5 marks)
- c. Explain the 1st issue that informs the law of demand (3 marks)
- d. Using water as an example, explain the paradox of value. (5 marks)

- e. How different is Choice from Opportunity Cost? (3 marks)
- f. Why is Economics a Social Science? (2 marks)

Abigail Asamoah, May, 2019